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## Post-Laboratory Review Questions

1. Fill in the chart below with the formula of the missing conjugate acid or base.

| Conjugate Acid | Conjugate Base |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{HC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{CN}^{-}$ |
| $\mathrm{HSO}_{4}^{-}$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ |

2. A buffer is prepared using the conjugate acid-base pair acetic acid and acetate ions. Write chemical equations showing the reactions that take place when $\mathrm{H}^{+}$and when $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$are added to the buffer.

The approximate concentration of a hydrochloric acid solution is 0.5 M . The exact concentration of this solution is to be determined by titration with 0.215 M sodium hydroxide solution.
3. A $10.00-\mathrm{mL}$ sample of the HCl solution was transferred by pipet to an Erlenmeyer flask and then diluted by adding about 40 mL of distilled water. What is the approximate $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$concentration and pH of the solution in the flask before the titration begins?
4. Phenolphthalein indicator was added, and the solution in the flask was titrated with 0.215 M NaOH until the indicator just turned pink $(\mathrm{pH}=8-9)$. The exact volume of NaOH required was 22.75 mL . Calculate the concentration of HCl in the original $10.00-\mathrm{mL}$ sample.
5. One student accidentally "overshot" the endpoint and added 23.90 mL of 0.215 M NaOH . Is the calculated concentration of HCl likely to be too high or too low as a result of this error?

